



Metabolomics at the Single-cell Level

Peter Nemes
The George Washington University,
Washington, DC

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Acknowledgment



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New Frontiers: Single-Cell Analysis

Cell Heterogeneity Matters!

Implicated in:

- Disease: cancer
- Drug resistance
- Normal development:
 - Brain: ~100 billion
 - Embryo development

Systems Biology Approach:

The diagram illustrates a systems biology approach. It starts with the **Genome**, which influences the **Transcriptome**. The **Transcriptome** influences the **Proteome**, which in turn influences the **Metabolome**. There are red feedback arrows pointing from the **Metabolome** back to the **Transcriptome**, **Proteome**, and **Genome**.

HMDB: 42,632 metabolites
~1 nM...>1 μM

Altschuler and Wu, Cell 2010, 141, 559

The HMDB metabolic pathway map displays a complex network of biological pathways. Key sections include:

- Aromatic Amino Acids**
- Sugars and Polysaccharides**
- Purines and Pyrimidines**
- Lipids**
- Amino Acids**
- Porphyrins**

Development: Complex, Tightly Controlled

The figure shows the development of a Xenopus embryo through several stages:

- 1 cell
- 2 cells
- 4 cells
- 8 cells
- 16 cells
- 32 cells

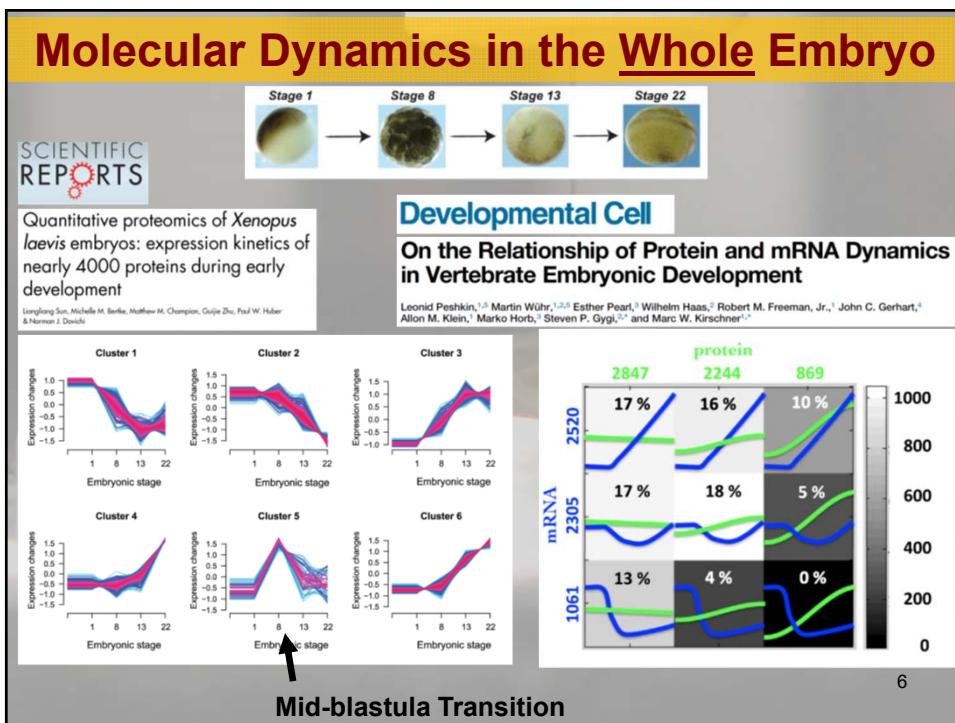
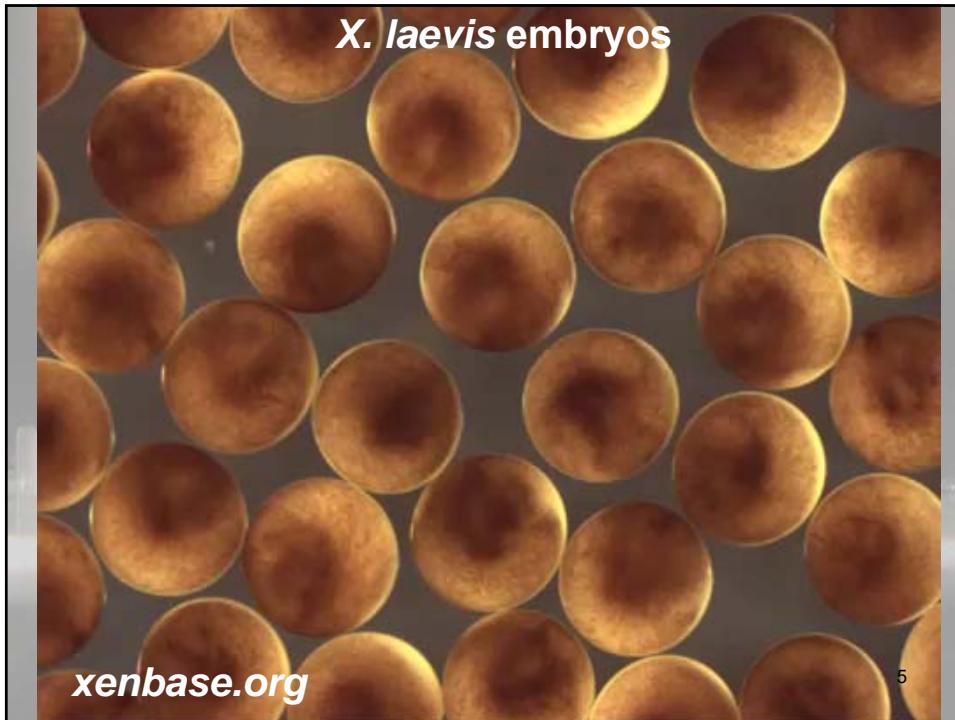
Below the 8-cell stage, a coordinate system indicates the embryonic axes:

- dorsal** (upward arrow)
- posterior** (rightward arrow)
- left** (downward arrow)
- anterior** (leftward arrow)
- right** (upward arrow)
- ventral** (downward arrow)

<http://wiki.xenbase.org>

→Cell Heterogeneity Really Matters

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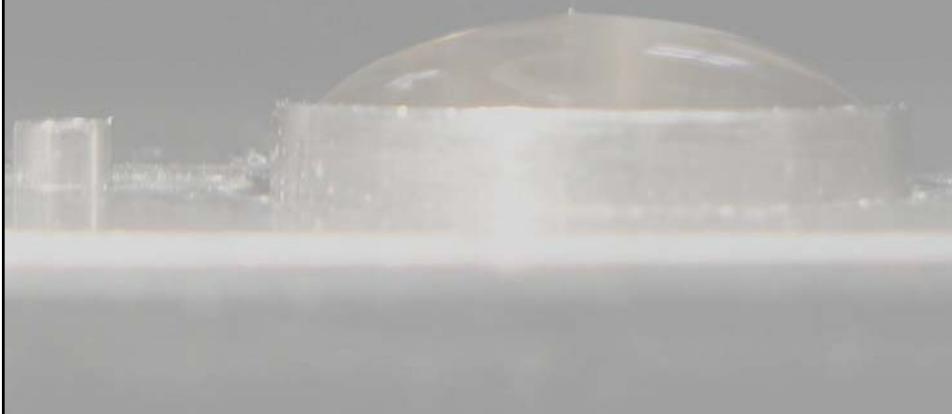
How about the Metabolome in the Whole Developing Embryo?

Remodeling of the Metabolome during Early Frog Development

Livia Vastag^{1*}, Paul Jorgensen^{2,3}, Leonid Peshkin², Ru Wei^{3,4}, Joshua D. Rabinowitz^{1*}, Marc W. Kirschner²

PLOS ONE

2011, 6, e16881



GOALS

Better understand **cell molecular mechanisms** governing embryonic development (health vs. disease) at the level of **single cells**:

Obj. 1: Small molecules: Metabolites <500 Da

Obj. 2: Proteins

Challenge for single-cell analysis:

Typically, MS needs

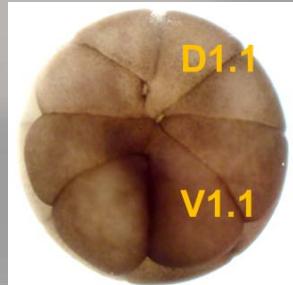
~10 µg protein needed

~20 µL volume

Xenbase.org

“The Samples”

16-cell Xenopus Embryo

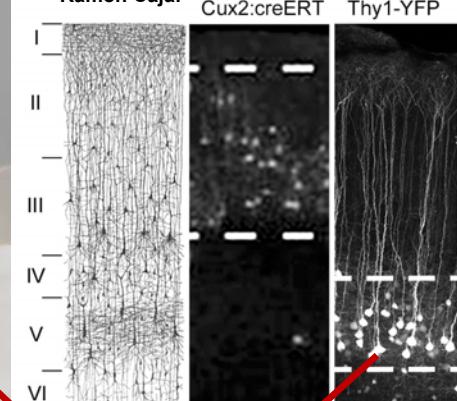


1 blastomere = 250 µm (~90 nL)

- Complex 3D structure
- Spatially evolving
- Temporally evolving
- Limited sample
- Complex metabolome
- Complex proteome

Mammalian Cortex: Neurons

Ramon Cajal	Layer II/III Cux2:creERT	Layer V Thy1-YFP
I		
II		
III		
IV		
V		
VI		

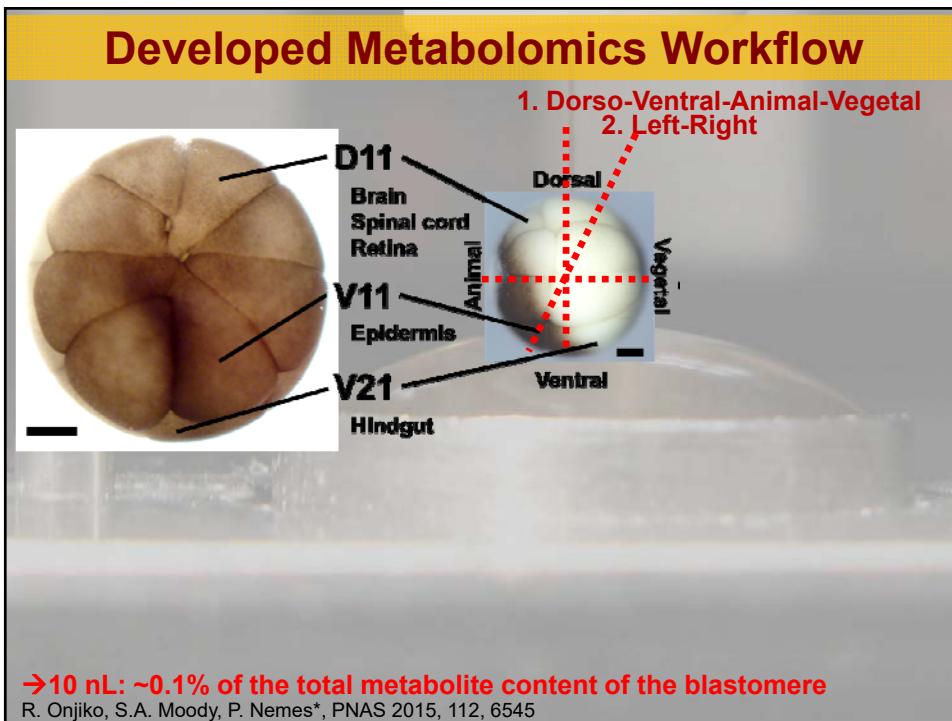
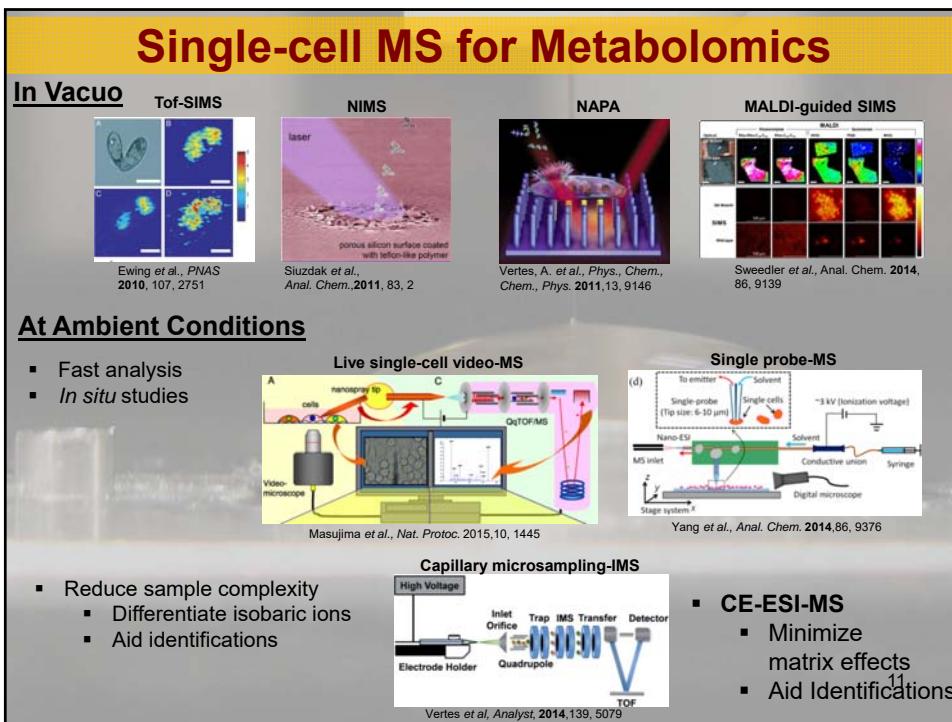


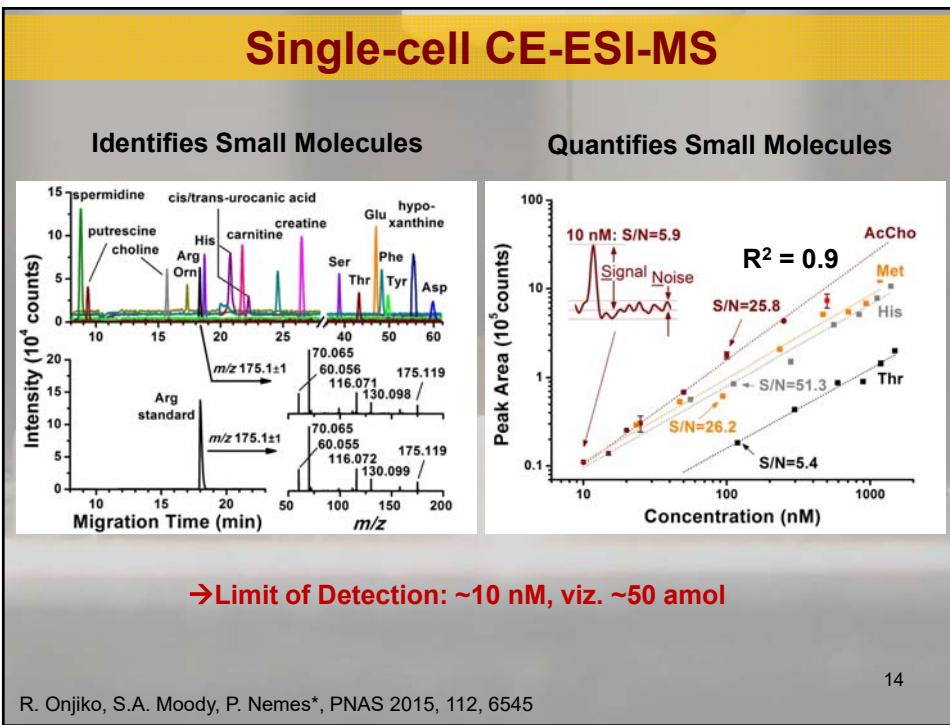
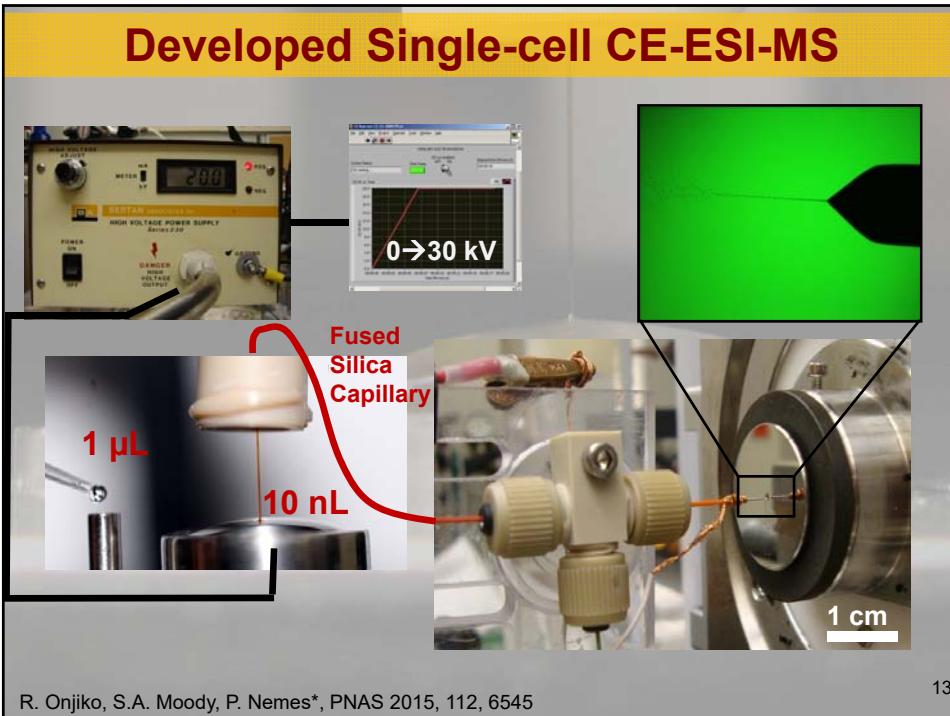
Microsampling/sorting + Mass Spectrometry ⁹

Solution

**Advance mass spectrometry
sensitivity single cells
(blastomeres) in the
early embryo.**

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Metabolites ID'd in Single Blastomeres

ID	Compound	Formula	<i>t_m</i> (min)	<i>m/z</i> measured	<i>m/z</i> theor.	Δ (mDa)	Δ (ppm)
1	histamine	C ₅ H ₉ N ₃ (H ⁺)	8.57	112.0875	112.0875	-0.10	-0.89
2	thiamine	C ₁₂ H ₁₇ N ₄ OS(+)	12.19	265.1115	265.1123	0.40	3.84
3	choline	C ₈ H ₁₄ NO(+)	13.08	104.1078	104.1075	0.80	3.02
4	ornithine*	C ₅ H ₁₂ N ₂ O ₂ (H ⁺)	14.05	133.0983	133.0977	-0.60	4.51
5	lysine*	C ₆ H ₁₄ N ₂ O ₂ (H ⁺)	14.19	147.1136	147.1133	-0.60	-4.51
6	β-alanine	C ₃ H ₇ NO ₂ (H ⁺)	14.34	90.0558	90.0555	-0.30	-2.04
7	nicotinamide	C ₆ H ₆ N ₂ O(H ⁺)	14.64	123.0588	123.0558	-0.30	-3.33
8	arginine*	C ₆ H ₁₄ N ₄ O ₂ (H ⁺)	14.75	175.1191	175.1195	0.40	2.28
9	acetylcholine*	C ₇ H ₁₆ NO ₂ (+)	14.77	146.1180	146.1181	0.10	0.68
10	GABA	C ₄ H ₉ NO ₂ (H ⁺)	15.04	104.0710	104.0711	0.10	0.96
11	histidine*	C ₆ H ₉ N ₃ O ₂ (H ⁺)	15.08	156.0775	156.0773	-0.20	-1.28
12	carnitine*	C ₇ H ₁₅ NO ₃ (H ⁺)	17.17	162.1129	162.1130	0.10	0.62
13	serotonin	C ₁₀ H ₁₂ N ₂ O(H ⁺)	17.52	177.1020	177.1028	0.80	4.52
14	acetylcarnitine*	C ₉ H ₁₇ NO ₄ (H ⁺)	18.71	204.1233	204.1236	0.30	1.47
15	glycine	C ₂ H ₅ NO ₂ (H ⁺)	19.42	76.0400	76.0399	-0.10	-1.32
16	cytidine	C ₉ H ₁₃ N ₃ O ₅ (H ⁺)	20.07	244.0930	244.0933	0.30	1.23
17	adenosine*	C ₁₀ H ₁₃ N ₅ O ₄ (H ⁺)	20.74	268.1045	268.1046	0.10	0.37
18	alanine	C ₃ H ₇ NO ₂ (H ⁺)	21.51	90.0553	90.0555	0.20	2.22

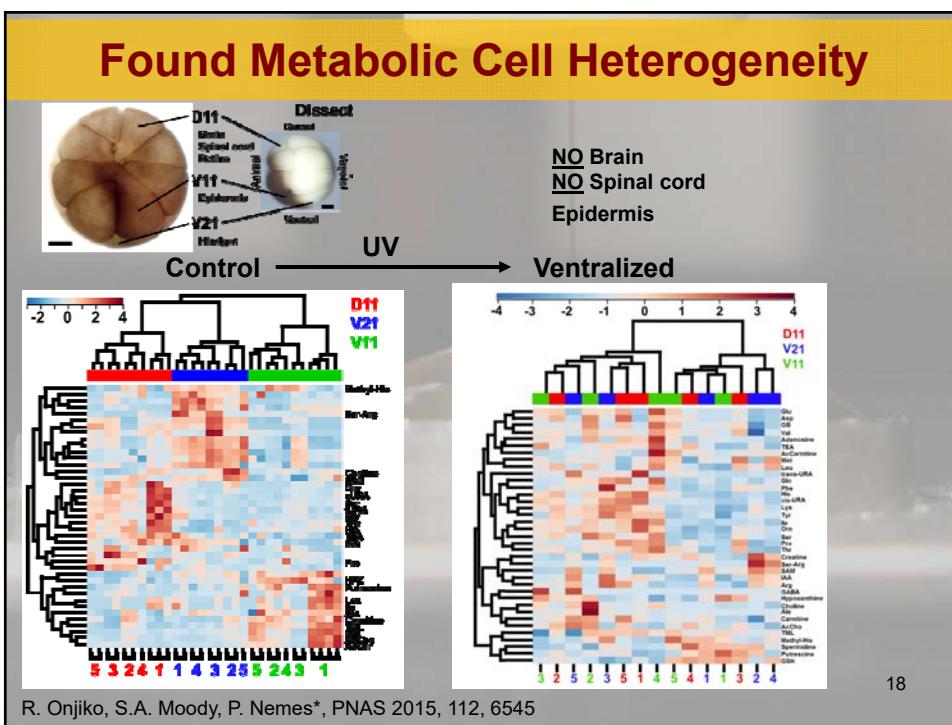
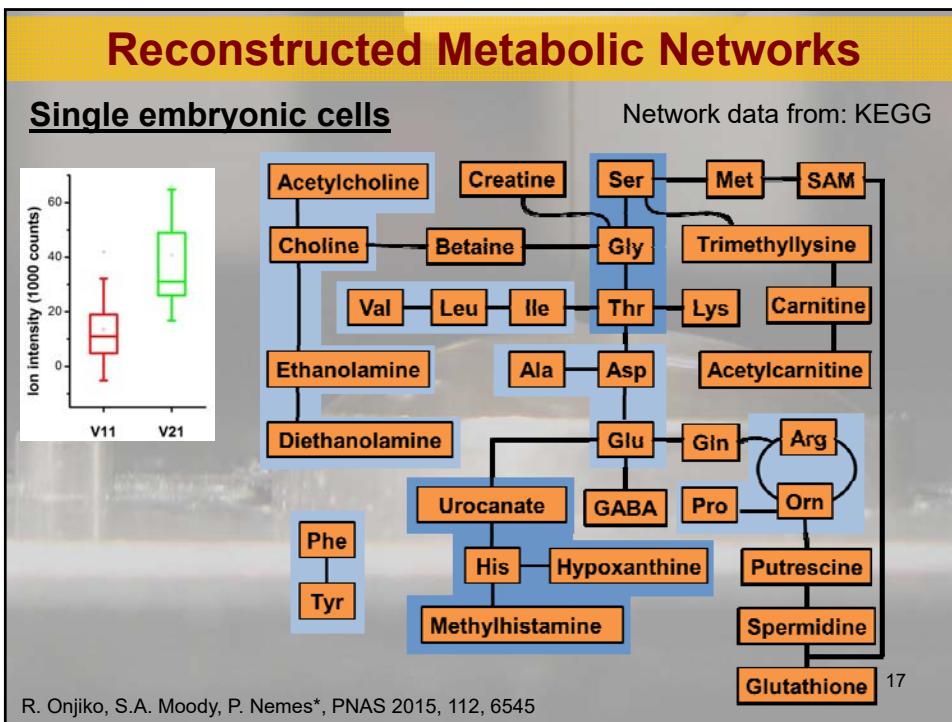
* Also confirmed by tandem MS; migration time, *t_m*

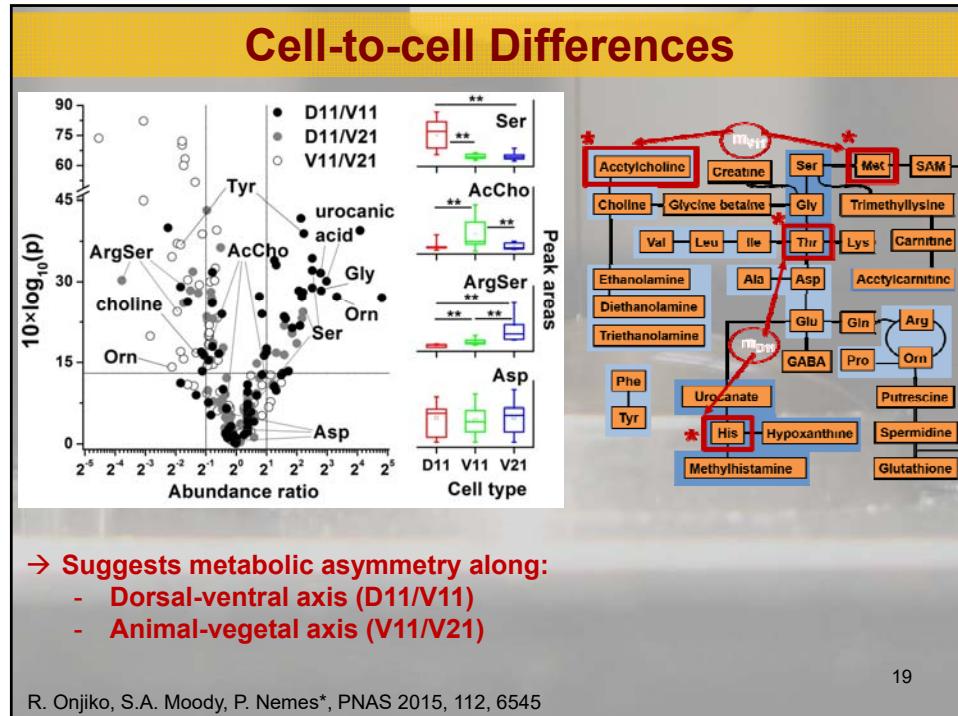
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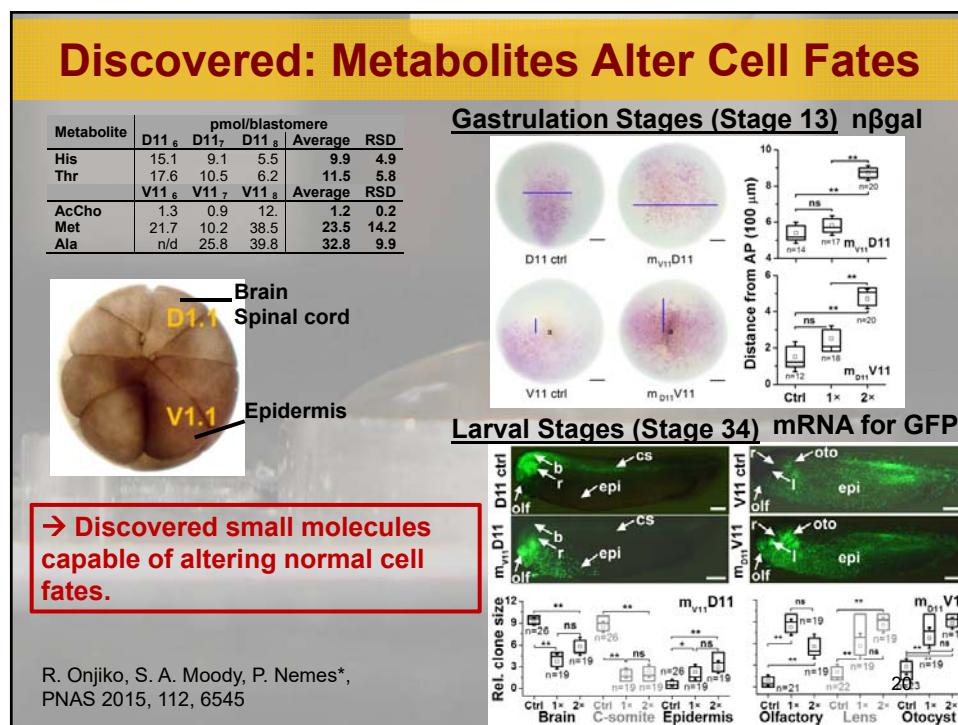
ID	Compound	Formula	<i>t_m</i> (min)	<i>m/z</i> measured	<i>m/z</i> theor.	Δ (mDa)	Δ (ppm)
19	valine*	C ₅ H ₁₁ NO ₂ (H ⁺)	24.92	118.0864	118.0868	0.40	3.39
20	isoleucine*	C ₆ H ₁₃ NO ₂ (H ⁺)	25.27	132.1026	132.1024	-0.20	-1.51
21	serine	C ₃ H ₇ NO ₃ (H ⁺)	25.47	106.0506	106.0504	-0.20	-1.89
22	leucine*	C ₆ H ₁₃ NO ₂ (H ⁺)	25.62	132.1025	132.1024	-0.10	-0.76
23	threonine	C ₄ H ₉ NO ₃ (H ⁺)	27.26	120.0657	120.0661	0.40	3.33
24	indoleacrylic acid*	C ₁₁ H ₉ NO ₂ (H ⁺)	27.80	188.0710	188.0711	0.10	0.53
25	tryptophan	C ₁₁ H ₁₂ N ₂ O ₂ (H ⁺)	27.80	205.0974	205.0977	0.30	1.46
26	glutamine*	C ₅ H ₁₀ N ₂ O ₃ (H ⁺)	28.08	147.0768	147.0770	-0.20	-1.36
27	glutamic acid*	C ₅ H ₉ NO ₄ (H ⁺)	28.71	148.0611	148.0610	-0.10	-0.68
28	phenylalanine*	C ₉ H ₁₁ NO ₂ (H ⁺)	29.08	166.0871	166.0868	-0.30	-1.81
29	tyrosine*	C ₉ H ₁₁ NO ₃ (H ⁺)	29.62	182.0814	182.0817	0.30	1.65
30	proline*	C ₅ H ₉ NO ₂ (H ⁺)	30.06	116.0714	116.0711	-0.30	-2.58
31	aspartic acid*	C ₄ H ₇ NO ₄ (H ⁺)	32.70	134.0454	134.0453	-0.10	-0.75
32	glycine betaine	C ₅ H ₁₁ NO ₂ (H ⁺)	32.75	118.0872	118.0868	-0.40	-3.39
33	proline betaine*	C ₇ H ₁₃ NO ₂ (H ⁺)	33.55	144.1021	144.1024	0.30	2.08
34	β-alanine betaine	C ₆ H ₁₃ NO ₂ (H ⁺)	37.00	132.1026	132.1024	-0.20	-1.51
35	glutathione	C ₁₀ H ₁₇ N ₃ O ₆ S(H ⁺)	37.88	308.0913	308.0916	0.30	0.97
36	taurine	C ₂ H ₇ NO ₃ S(H ⁺)	50.20	126.0226	126.0225	-0.10	-0.36

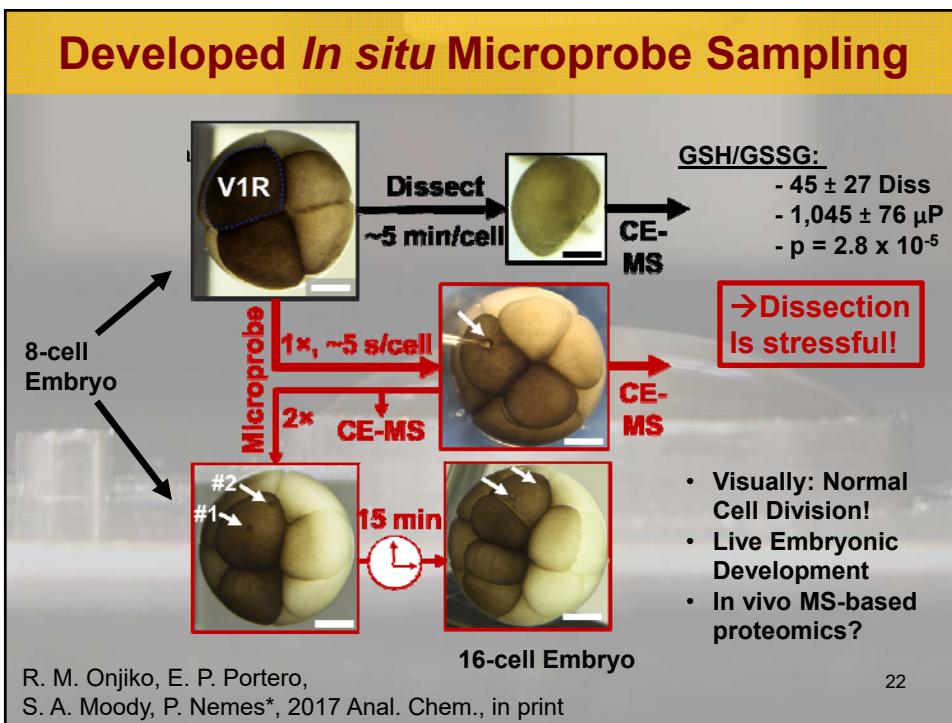
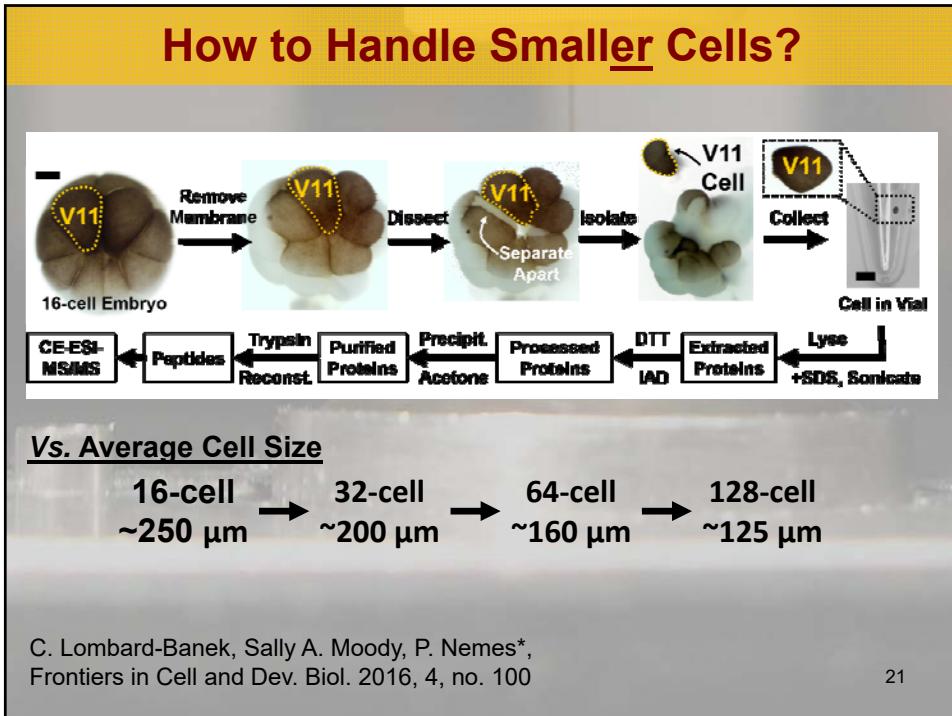
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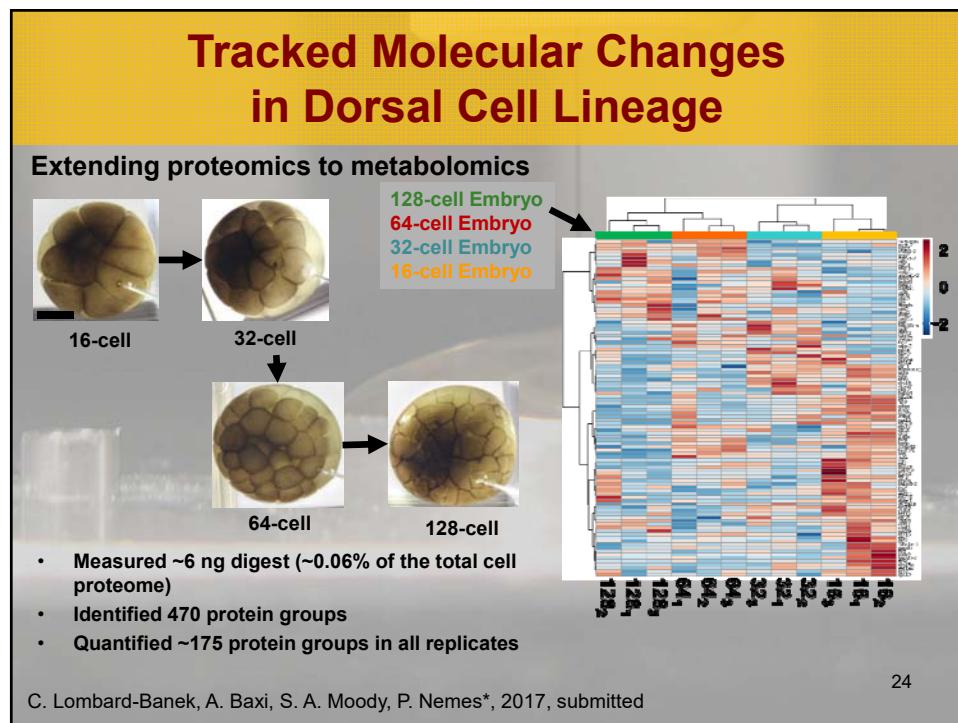
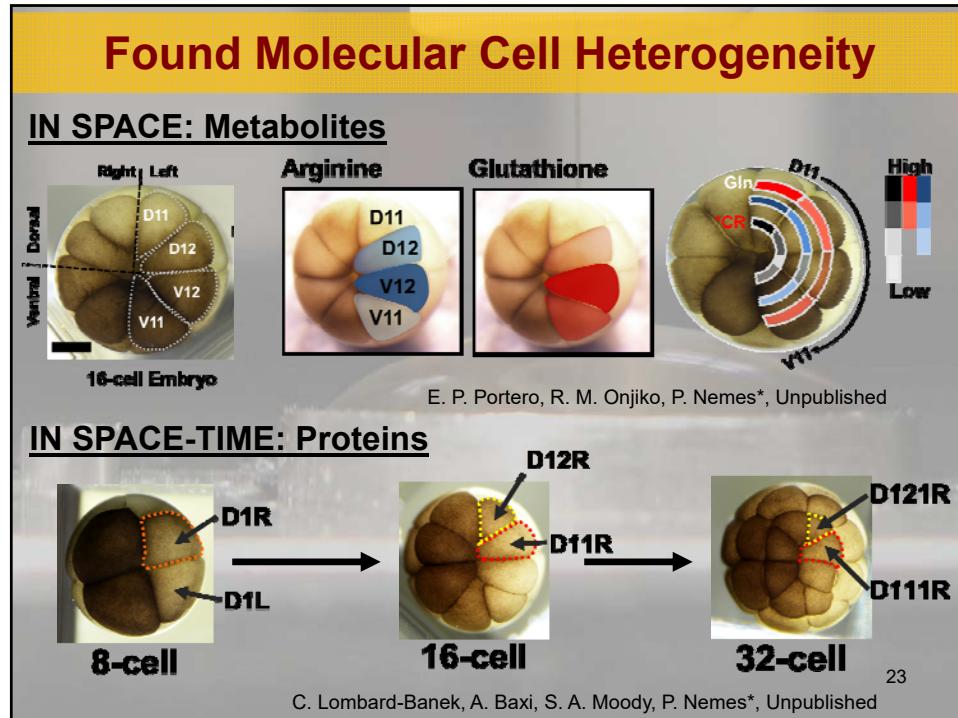




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Conclusions

→ (Single-cell) MS:

- Basic and translational research
- Cell and developmental biology
- Discovery metabolomics and proteomics

→ New types of questions the life sciences:

PNAS
Single-cell mass spectrometry reveals small molecules that affect cell fates in the 16-cell embryo
Rosemary M. Onjiko*, Sally A. Moody†, and Peter Nemes^{§,†}

Proteomics
Single-Cell Mass Spectrometry for Discovery Proteomics: Quantifying Translational Cell Heterogeneity in the 16-Cell Frog (*Xenopus*) Embryo
Camille Lombard-Banek, Sally A. Moody, and Peter Nemes*

Analyst
Single-cell mass spectrometry with multi-solvent extraction identifies metabolic differences between left and right blastomeres in the 8-cell frog (*Xenopus*) embryo†
Rosemary M. Onjiko*, Sydney E. Morris*, Sally A. Moody* and Peter Nemes*

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MOLECULAR & CELLULAR PROTEOMICS
SASBMR
Nemes et al.

→ New Research Opportunities

- Fundamental Cell/Dev. Biology
- Neuroscience
- Health vs. disease

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DUPONT

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